

represents the exact opposite of bipartisanship. The minority was locked out of the deliberations completely.

In addition, I'm concerned that important provisions that I supported and which passed overwhelmingly in the Senate were dropped in conference, specifically the amendment involving violence against abortion clinics and the amendment involving the homestead exemption. I continue to support those provisions, but they were not in the bill I originally cosponsored. And while I had hoped that those provisions would be included in the final package, the absence of those provisions doesn't diminish the basic proposition contained in the underlying bill which caused me to lend my support to the measure in the first place.

Let me conclude by acknowledging the help and friendship of many of those who have called me or my office over the last few days urging me to change my position on this legislation. Many of the groups and individuals who oppose this bill are among those with whom I most often find common cause and have supported me strongly over the years. It is particularly painful for me not to be able to oblige them in this instance. But I made a decision in May of last year to cosponsor this legislation, and there have been no major substantive changes between then and now that would compel me to change my position. So while I regret having to say "no" to so many of my friends, I cannot in good conscience turn my back on a principle which is so fundamental to me—the principle of personal responsibility. As a result, I will maintain the position I have held since this bill was introduced and will vote for final passage.

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, let me begin by saying that H.R. 2415 is one of the most important legislative efforts to reform the bankruptcy laws in decades.

I would like to express my thanks to the people who have worked on this legislation. First, I want to acknowledge the Majority Leader, who has worked diligently to keep this legislation on its course. Thanks to his commitment to moving this legislation, we are in a position to eliminate the abuses in the current bankruptcy system, while at the same time, enhance consumer protections.

I also want to acknowledge the Ranking Member of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Senator LEAHY, who has worked with me to reach agreement on many of the bill's provisions. In addition, I want to commend my colleagues, Senators GRASSLEY and TORRICELLI, the Chairman and ranking minority member of the Subcommittee on Administrative Oversight and the Courts, respectively, for their hard work in crafting this much needed legislation, and for their unrelenting commitment to making the development and passage of this bill a bipartisan process. My thanks also goes to Senator SESSIONS and Senator BIDEN, who

have shown unwavering dedication to accomplishing the important reforms in this bill; and the many other members of the Senate for their hard work and cooperation.

The compelling need for this reform is highlighted by the large number of bankruptcy filings we have seen over the past several years, which are particularly troubling because they have occurred during a time of relative prosperity for our Nation. Mr. President, the bankruptcy system was intended to provide a "fresh start" for those who truly need it. During the process of developing this legislation, I have remained committed to preserving a bankruptcy system that will allow those individuals to emerge from severe financial hardship. At the same time, I believe that individuals should take personal responsibility for their debts and repay them if they are able to do so. I believe the complete elimination of debt should be reserved for those who truly cannot repay their debts, not for those who simply choose not to repay.

This bipartisan legislation, authored by Senators GRASSLEY and TORRICELLI, is carefully structured to achieve an appropriate balance between the rights and responsibilities of both debtors and creditors. If enacted, it will enable those truly in need of a fresh start to get one, and at the same time, reform current law to prevent the system from being abused at the expense of honest, hard-working Americans. Mr. President, again I would like to applaud the bipartisan efforts of my colleagues who have made this a broadly-supported bill that removes some of the abuses of the current bankruptcy system while enhancing consumer protections.

I am particularly proud of the great strides this legislation makes in improving current law. The legislation includes my provision to prevent deadbeat parents from using bankruptcy to avoid paying child support. It includes my provision to protect educational savings accounts that parents and grandparents set up for their children and grandchildren. And, it includes my provision that ensures that the retirement savings of teachers and church workers are given the same protection in bankruptcy as everyone else. It includes my provision that prevents violent criminals and drug traffickers from taking advantage of bankruptcy at the expense of their victims. Specifically, when these criminals voluntarily file for bankruptcy, my provision protects victims by allowing them to move for dismissal of the bankruptcy case. The legislation also includes my provision that is designed to curb fraud in bankruptcy filings by putting in place new procedures and providing new resources to enhance enforcement of bankruptcy fraud laws. My provision requires (1) that bankruptcy courts develop procedures for referring suspected fraud in bankruptcy schedules to the FBI and the U.S. Attorney's Office for investigation and prosecution

and (2) that the Attorney General designate one Assistant U.S. Attorney and one FBI agent in each judicial district as having primary responsibility for investigating and prosecuting fraud in bankruptcy.

I would like to take a moment to acknowledge a few people who have worked very hard on this legislation. On my staff, I particularly would like to thank the Committee's Chief Counsel and Staff Director, Manus Cooney, the counsels who worked diligently on this measure, Makan Delrahim, Rene Augustine and Kyle Sampson, and staff assistant Katie Stahl. On Senator LEAHY's Committee staff, I want to recognize Minority Chief Counsel Bruce Cohen, along with counsel Ed Pagano. On the Administrative Oversight and the Courts Subcommittee, I would like to thank John McMickle and Kolan Davis, counsels to Senator GRASSLEY, and Jennifer Leach, counsel to Senator TORRICELLI, for their tireless efforts and input. My thanks also goes to Ed Haden and Sean Costello, counsels to Senator SESSIONS. I also would like to express my gratitude to Senate Legislative Counsel, and in particular I want to recognize Laura Ayoud of that office, whose hard work made this bill a better product. Without the dedication and efforts of these loyal public servants, the important reforms in this legislation would not have been possible. Thank you.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREEMENT—H.J. RES. 127

Mr. GRASSLEY. Mr. President, I have been asked to propound this unanimous consent request which, I have been told, has been approved on both sides.

I ask unanimous consent that immediately following the vote on the passage of the bankruptcy legislation, the Senate proceed to the consideration of H.J. Res. 127, the continuing resolution. I further ask unanimous consent that the resolution be read a third time and that the Senate then proceed to a vote on passage of the resolution, with no intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

BANKRUPTCY REFORM ACT OF 2000—CONFERENCE REPORT—Continued

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Minnesota.

Mr. WELLSTONE. Mr. President, how much time do I have remaining?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Minnesota has 2 minutes remaining.

Mr. WELLSTONE. Mr. President, responding to my friend from Iowa, the President has called Senators and for good reason: This is a piece of legislation that has very little balance.

I gave the example again of LTV workers in the iron range of Minnesota which is going to shut down in February. One month later, there could be